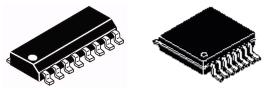
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

Technical Data

MC44BC373C/D Rev. 3.1 7/2002

MC44BC373C/374C PLL Tuned UHF and VHF Audio/Video High Integration Modulator

MC44BC373C/374C



SO16NB Package TSSOP16 Package

Ordering Information

Device	Temp Range	Package
MC44BC373CD,R2	-20°C to +85°C	SO16NB
MC44BC374CD,R2	-20°C to +85°C	SO16NB
MC44BC373CDTB,R2	-20°C to +85°C	TSSOP16
MC44BC374CDTB,R2	-20°C to +85°C	TSSOP16
NOTE: For tape	and reel, add R2 su	ffix.

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The modulators are for use in VCRs, set-top boxes, and similar devices.

Figure 1 shows the pin connections.

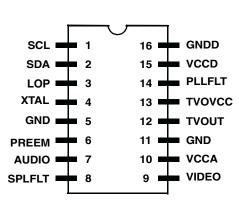


Figure 1. MC44BC373C/4C Pin Connections



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1 Features

MC44BC373C: Multi-Standard PAL/SECAM/NTSC Modulator MC44BC374C: PAL/NTSC only Modulator

The channel is set by an on-chip high-speed I^2C compatible bus receiver. A Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) tunes the modulator over the full UHF range.

The modulator incorporates a sound subcarrier oscillator and uses a second PLL to derive 4.5, 5.5, 6.0, and 6.5MHz subcarrier frequencies. These frequencies are selectable using the bus.

The modulation standard can be chosen using a control bit that selects between System L or System B/G (MC44BC373C only).

The picture-to-sound ratio may be adjusted using the bus. In addition, an on-chip video test pattern generator can be switched ON with a 1 KHz audio test signal.

The MC44BC373C/4C also has the following features:

- No external varicaps diodes/inductor or tuned components
- Channel 21-69 UHF operation
- VHF range possible by internal dividers (30MHz–450MHz)
- Integrated on-chip programmable UHF oscillator
- Extremely low external components count
- High speed read and write I^2C -bus compatible (800kHz)
- Fixed video modulation depth (80% in PAL and 90% in SECAM)
- Peak White Clip disabled via the bus
- Programmable picture/sound carrier ratio (12dB and 16dB)
- Integrated on-chip programmable sound subcarrier oscillator (4.5MHz to 6.5MHz)—No external varicaps
- On-chip video test pattern generator with sound test signal (1kHz)
- Low-power programmable modulator standby mode
- Transient output inhibit during PLL Lock-up at power-ON
- Logical Output Port controlled by bus
- Custom masked versions with unique start-up settings possible (no I²C bus programming required)
- Extremely robust ESD protection, minimum 4kV, typical 6kV

2 Device Overview

Figure 2 shows a simplified block diagram of the MC44BC373C/4C device.

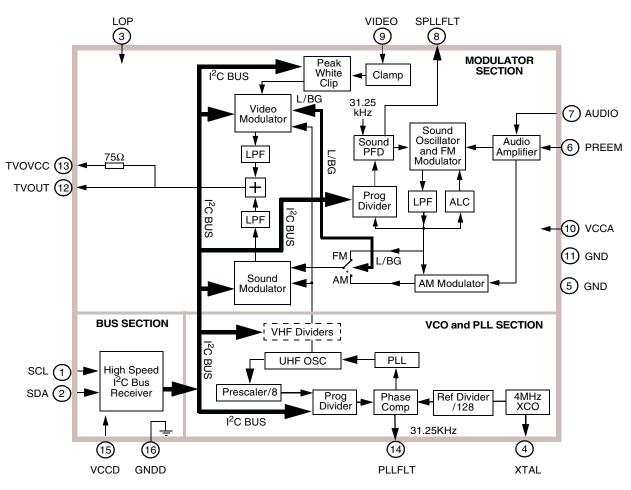
The MC44BC373C/4C device has three main sections:

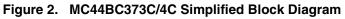
- 1. A high speed I^2C -compatible bus section
- 2. A PLL section to synthesize the UHF/VHF output channel frequency (from an integrated UHF oscillator, divided for VHF output)
- 3. A modulator section, which accepts audio and video inputs, then uses them to modulate the UHF/VHF carrier

An on-chip video test pattern generator with an audio test signal is included.

The MC44BC373C operates as a multi-standard modulator and can handle the following systems using the same external circuit components: B/G, I, D/K, L, M/N.

High frequency BiCMOS technology allows integration of the UHF tank circuit and certain filtering functions.





3 Maximum Ratings

Sym	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	6	V
Tamin	Minimum operating ambient temperature	-20	°C
Tamax	Maximum operating ambient temperature	85	°C
Tstgmin	Minimum storage temperature	-65	°C
Tstgmax	Maximum storage temperature	150	°C
Tj	Junction Temperature	150	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltage or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit. For proper operation, input and output voltages should be constrained to the ranges indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. For functional operation, values should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Condition.

Meets Moisture Sensitivity Level 1, no dry pack required

4 Thermal Rating

Sym	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{thja}	Thermal resistance from Junction to Ambient	140	°C/W

5 Electrostatic Discharge

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) tests are done on all pins.

Sym	Parameter	Min	Тур	Unit
ESD	MM (Machine Model) - MIL STD 883C method 3015-7	200	500	V
ESD	HBM (Human Body Model) - MIL STD 883C method 3015-7	4000	6000	V

6 Electrical Characteristics

- A = 100% tested
- B = 100% Correlation tested
- C = Characterized on samples
- D = Design parameter

See Characterization conditions section for each "C" type parameter

6.1 Specification Conditions

Unless otherwise stated: V_{cc} =5.0 V, Ambient Temperture=25°C, Video Input $1V_{p-p}$, 10-step grayscale. RF output into 75 Ohm load. SPECIFICATIONS ONLY VALID FOR ENVELOPE DEMODULATION.

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	Туре
Operating supply voltage range	4.5	5.0	5.5	V		В
Total supply current	44	52	60	mA	All sections active	Α
Total standby mode supply current	3	6	9	mA	OSC, SO, ATT=1 Bus Section active	А
Test pattern sync pulse width	3	4.7	6.5	μS		В
Sound comparator charge pump current During locking When locked	7 0.7	10 1	12 1.5	μΑ μΑ		A A
RF comparator charge pump current	60	100	150	μΑ		А
Crystal oscillator stability—negative resistance	1	_	—	KΩ		D
Logic Output Port Saturation voltage at I=2mA Leakage current		160 —	300 1	mV μA		A A

7 I²C Bit Mapping

WRITE	MODE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	ACK
CA-CHIP ADDI	RESS	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	ACK
C1—High Order	Bits	1	0	SO	LOP	PS	Х3	X2	SYSL	ACK
C0—Low Order I	Bits	PWC	OSC	ATT	SFD1	SFD0	TB1	X5	X4	ACK
FM—High Order	Bits	0	TPEN	N11	N10	N9	N8	N7	N6	ACK
FL—Low Order E	Bits	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	X1	X0	ACK
READ	MODE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	ACK
CHIP ADDRESS	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	ACK
R—Status Byte		—	—		—	—	Y2	Y1	OOR	-
Bit Name				D	escriptio	on				
PWC	Peak White Clip e	Peak White Clip enable/disable								
OSC	UHF oscillator Of	UHF oscillator ON/OFF								
ATT	Modulator output	Modulator output attenuated—sound and video modulators ON/OFF								
SFD0, 1	Sound subcarrier	Sound subcarrier frequency control bits								
TB1	Test mode bit-b	Test mode bit—bus format compatible with MC44353								
SO	Sound Oscillator	Sound Oscillator ON/OFF								
LOP	Logic Output Port	t								
PS	Picture-to-sound	carrier ra	tio							
SYSL	System L enable-	-selects	AM soun	d and po	sitive vid	eo modul	ation (MC	C44BC37	3C only)	
TPEN	Test pattern enab	ole—pictu	ire and so	ound						
X5X0	Test mode bits-	Test mode bits—All bits are 0 for normal operation (see Test Mode tables, page 6 & page 7)				7)				
N0N11	UHF frequency p	UHF frequency programming bits, in steps of 250kHz								
OOR	RF oscillator out-	of-freque	ncy range	e informa	tion					
Y1, Y2	RF oscillator oper	rating ran	ge inform	nation						

8 I²C Programming

Sound

SFD1	SFD0	Sound Subcarrier Freq (MHz)				
0	0	4.5				
0	1	5.5				
1	0	6.0				
1	1	6.5				
PS		Picture-to-Sound Ratio (dB)				
0		12				
1	16					
SO		Sound Oscillator				
0	Sound o	scillator ON (Normal mode)				
1	Sound oscillation disabled (oscillator and PLL section bias turned OFF)					

Video

SYSL	System L/BG Selection (MC44BC373C only)
0	System B/G enabled, System L disabled (FM sound and negative video modulation)
1	System L enabled, System B/G disabled (AM sound and positive video modulation)
PWC	Peak White Clip
0	Peak White Clip ON (System B/G)
0 1	Peak White Clip ON (System B/G) Peak White Clip OFF (System L)
•	, , ,

WRITE MODE: Test Mode 1 and VHF Range

UHF

OSC	UHF Oscillator
0	Normal operation
1	UHF oscillator disabled (oscillator and PLL sections bias turned OFF)
ATT	Modulator Output Attenuation
-	
0	Normal operation

Standby Mode

osc	SO	ATT	Combination of 3-bits
1	1	1	Modulator standby mode

MC44353/4/5 Compatibility

TB1	Description
0	Normal mode (Full programmability)
1	Limited programmability and compatibility with MC44353

Logic Output Port

LOP	Description
0	Pin 3 is low voltage
1	Pin 3 is high impedance

X2	X1	X0	State	Description
0	0	0	1.a	Normal operation
0	0	1	1.b	RF frequency divided for low frequency testing or VHF range: RF/2
0	1	0	1.c	RF/4
0	1	1	1.d	RF/8
1	0	0	1.e	RF/16
1	0	1	1.f	DC drive applied to modulators: Non-inverted video at TVOUT
1	1	0	1.g	DC drive applied to modulators: Inverted video at TVOUT
1	1	1	1.h	Transient output inhibit disabled (ie speed up mode) During this speed-up test mode, ATT=0 forces sound current source to 1 μ A, and ATT=1 forces it to 10 μ A.

I2C Programming

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WRITE MODE: Test Mode 2

X5	X4	X3	State	Description
0	0	0	2.a	Normal operation
0	0	1	2.b	Test pattern generator DC verification (Test pattern DC test mode available)
0	1	0	2.c	Program divider test (UHF program divider on PLLFILT pin and sound program divider on SPLLFIL pin)
0	1	1	2.d	Reference divider test (UHF reference divider on PLLFILT pin)
1	0	0	2.e	UHF phase comparison, upper source on PLLFILT pin Sound phase comparison $10\mu A$ upper source on SPLLFIL (Only valid during transient output inhibit.)
1	0	1	2.f	UHF phase comparison, lower source on PLLFILT pin Sound phase comparison $10\mu A$ lower source on SPLLFIL (Only valid during transient output inhibit.)
1	1	0	2.g	Sound phase comparison $1\mu A$ upper source on SPLLFIL (Not valid during transient output inhibit.)
1	1	1	2.h	Sound phase comparison $1 \mu A$ lower source on SPLLFIL (Not valid during transient output inhibit.)

NOTE:

Test modes 1 and 2 are intended for manufacturing test purposes only and cannot be used for normal applications, except for VHF range (states 1.b to 1.e)

READ MODE

OOR	Description
0	Normal operation, VCO in range
1	VCO out of range
Y1	Description
0	VCO out of range, frequency too low, only valid if OOR=1
1	VCO out of range, frequency too high, only valid if OOR=1
Y2	Description
0	High VCO is active
1	Low VCO is active

9 Modulator High Frequency Characteristics

Unless otherwise stated: V_{cc} =5.0V, Ambient Temperture=25°C, Video Input $1V_{p-p}$, 10-step grayscale. RF inputs/outputs into 750hm load. SPECIFICATIONS ONLY VALID FOR ENVELOPE DEMODULATION.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Туре
TVOUT output level	Output signal from modulator section See Figure 3. See Note 2	73	74.5	77	dBμV	В
UHF oscillator frequency		460	—	880	MHz	А
VHF range	From UHF oscillator internally divided	45	—	460	MHz	В
TVOUT output attenuation	During transient output inhibit, or when ATT bit is set to 1. See Figure 3. See Note 2	50	60	_	dBc	В
Sound subcarrier harmonics (Fp+n*Fs)	Reference picture carrier. See Note 2		63	58	dBc	С
Second harmonic of chroma subcarrier	Using red EBU bar. See Note 2		—	65	dBc	С
Chroma/Sound intermodulation: Fp+ (Fsnd-Fchr)	Using red EBU bar.See Note 2		—	65	dBc	С
Fo (picture carrier) harmonics	2nd harmonic: CH21 3rd harmonic: CH21 Other channels: See Figure 3. See NOTE 1. See Note 2		35 26	30 22	dBc	С
Out band (picture carrier) spurious	1/2*Fo-1/4*Fo-3/2*Fo-3/4*Fo From 40MHz to 1GHz. See Note 2		0	10	dBμV	С
In band spurious (Fo \pm 5MHz)	No video sound modulation.See Note 2	—	—	60	dBc	С
Note: 1: Picture carrier harmonics are	highly dependant on PCB layout and dec	oupling	, capac	itors.	1	

Note: 2: See "Characterization Measurement Conditions" on page 12.

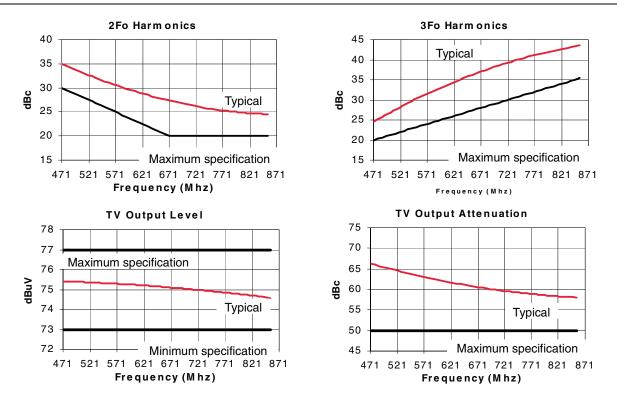
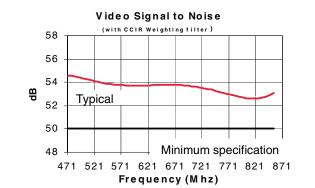


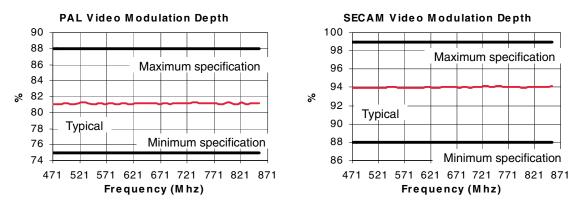
Figure 3. Typical Performance

10 Video Characteristics

Unless otherwise stated: V_{cc} =5.0V, Ambient Temperture=25°C, Video Input $1V_{p-p}$, 10-step grayscale. RF output into 750hm load. SPECIFICATIONS ONLY VALID FOR ENVELOPE DEMODULATION.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Туре			
Video bandwidth	Reference 0dB at 100kHz, measured at 5MHz. See Note 2	-1.5	-0.8	_	dB	С			
Video input level	75Ohm load	—	—	1.5	Vcvbs	D			
Video input current		—	0.2	1	μA	А			
Video input impedance		500	_	—	KΩ	А			
Peak White Clip	PWC bit set to 1, see PWC section. See Note 2	110	114	118	%	А			
	No sound modulation,100% white video								
Video S/N	Using CCIR Rec.567 weighting filter See Figure 4. See Note 2	50	53	—	dB	С			
	Unweighted. See Note 2	45	_	—		С			
Differential Phase	CCIR Test Line 330, worst case from the first 4 steps out of 5. See Note 2	-5	_	5	deg	С			
Differential Gain	CCIR Test Line 330, worst case from the first 4 steps out of 5. See Note 2	-5	_	5	%	С			
Luma/Sync ratio	Input ratio 7.0:3.0	6.8/ 3.2	_	7.2/ 2.8	—	В			
PAL video modulation depth	See Figure 4. See Note 2	75	81	88	%	В			
SECAM video modulation depth	MC44BC373C only - See Figure 4. See Note 2	88	93	99	%	В			







11 Audio Characteristics

Unless otherwise stated: V_{cc} =5.0V, Ambient Temperture=25°C, Video Input $1V_{p-p}$, 10-step grayscale. RF inputs/outputs into 750hm load. SPECIFICATIONS ONLY VALID FOR ENVELOPE DEMODULATION.

Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Туре			
Picture-to-Sound ratio	PS bit set to 0 PS bit set to 1	13 9	16 12	19 15	dB	В			
	Using specific pre-emphasis circuit, audio input level=205mVrms-audio frequency=1kHz								
	AM modulation: SECAM Fs=6.5MHz		80	_	%	В			
Audio modulation depth	FM modulation: Fs=5.5, 6 or 6.5MHz 100% modulation=±50kHz FM deviation	_	80	_	%	В			
	FM modulation: NTSC Fs=4.5MHz 100% modulation=±25kHz FM deviation		80	_	%	В			
Audio input resistance		45	53	61	KΩ	Α			
Audio Frequency response	Reference 0dB at 1kHz, using specified pre-emphasis circuit, measure from 50Hz to 15kHz	-2.5	_	+2	dB	С			
Audio Distortion FM (THD only)	at 1kHz, 100% modulation (±50kHz) No video		0.4	2	%	С			
Audio Distortion AM (THD only)	at 1 kHz, 100% modulation No video		1.5	2.5	%	D			
Audio S/N with Sync Buzz FM	Ref 1Khz, 50% modulation (+/-25Khz) EBU color bars Video signal, using CCIR 468.2 weighting filter	48	53	_	dB	С			
Audio S/N with Sync Buzz AM	Reference 1 kHz, 85% modulation Video input EBU color bar 75% Audio BW 40Hz—15kHz Weighting filter CCIR 468-2	45	50	_	dB	D			

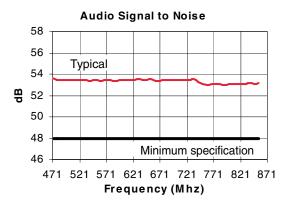


Figure 5. Typical Performances

MC44BC373C/374C Technical Data For More Information On This Product, Go to: www.freescale.com

12 Characterization Measurement Conditions

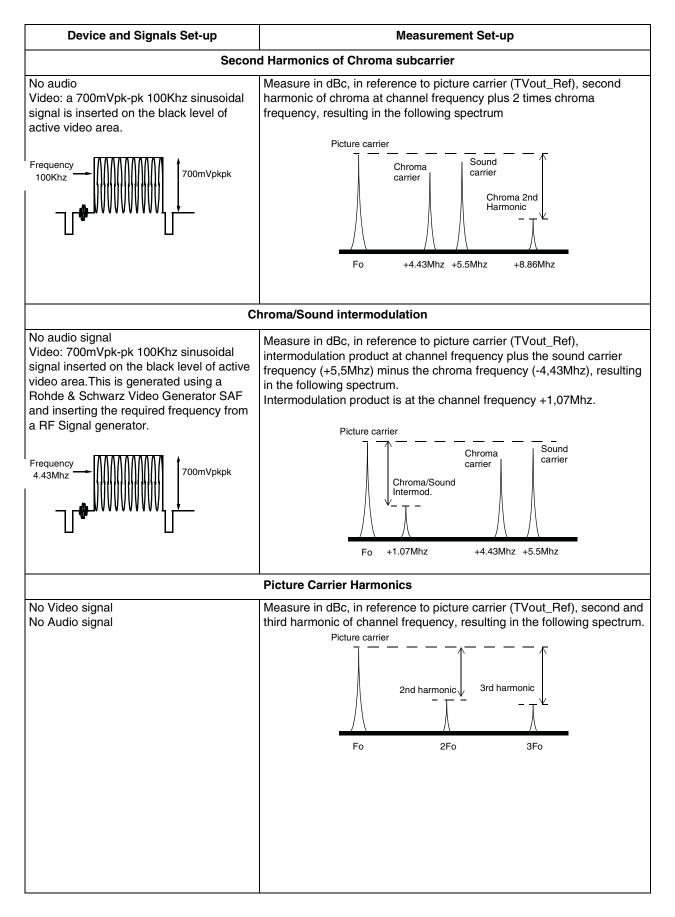
Device default configuration unless otherwise specified:

- Peak White Clip enable
- UHF oscillator ON
- Sound and video modulators ON
- Sound subcarrier frequency = 5.5Mhz
- TB1 bit set to '0' (bus format not compatible with MC44353)
- Sound Oscillator ON
- Logic Output Port LOW
- Picture-to-sound carrier ratio = 12dB
- System L disabled
- Test pattern disabled
- All test mode bits are '0'
- Frequency from channel 21 to 69

RF Inputs / Output into 750hm Load using a 75 to 50 ohm transformation. Video Input 1V pk-pk. Audio pre-emphasis circuit engaged.

Device and Signals Set-up	Measurement Set-up								
	TVOUT output level								
Video: 10 steps grey scale No audio	Measured picture carrier in dBuV with the HP8596E Spectrum Analyzer using a 75 to 50 ohm transformation, all cables losses and transformation pads having been calibrated. Measurement used as a reference for other tests: TVout_Ref								
TVOUT output attenuation									
"ATT" bit = 1 No Video signal No Audio signal Measure in dBc picture carrier at "ATT"="1" with reference to picture carrier at "ATT"="0".									
Sound Subcarrier Harmonics									
Video: 10 steps grey scale No Audio signal	Measure in dBc second and third sound harmonics levels in reference to picture carrier (TVout_Ref). Picture carrier Sound carrier Sound 2nd harm Fo +5.5Mhz +11Mhz +16.5Mhz								

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Characterization Measurement Conditions



Characterization Measurement Conditions Semiconductor, Inc.

Device and Signals Set-up	Measurement Set-up				
	Out of Band Spurious				
No Video signal No Audio signal	Measure in dBuV spurious levels at 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 and 1.5 times channel frequency, resulting in the following spectrum Measure from 40Mhz to 1Ghz.				
	Fo/4 Fo/2 Fo*3/4 Fo Fo*3/2				
No Video cignol	In Band Spurious				
No Video signal No Audio signal	Measure in dBc, in reference to picture carrier (TVout_Ref), spurious levels falling into video bandwidth Fo+/-5Mhz.				
	Video Bandwidth				
No audio Video: 600mVpk-pk sinusoidal signal inserted on the black level of active video area.	The Video signal is demodulated on the spectrum analyzer, and the peak level of the 100Khz signal is measured as a reference. The frequency is then swept from 100Khz to 5Mhz, and then the difference in dBc from the 100Khz reference level is measured.				
	Peak White Clip				
No Audio signal. Video: 10 step grey scale	The video modulation depth is measured for 1.0VCVBS input level, giving modulation depth MDA. Then the same measurement is carried out for an input level of 1.4VCVBC, giving modulation depth MDB. The Peak White Clip is defined as 100*MDB/MDA.				
W	/eighted Video Signal to Noise				
Video: 100% White video signal - 1Vpk-pk. No Audio signal This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS UHF Demodulator in B/G (using a CCIR Rec. 567 weighting network, 100kHz to 5MHz band with sound trap and envelope detection, and a Rohde & Schwarz UAF Video Analyzer.	The Video Analyzer measures the ratio between the amplitude of the active area of the video signal (700mV) and the noise level in Vrms on a video black level which is show below. VideoS/N is calculated as 20 x log(700 /N) in dB				
Un	weighted Video Signal to Noise				
Same as above with CCIR filter disabled.	Same as above.				
	Video Differential Phase				
Video: 5 step Grey Scale- 1Vpk-pk. No Audio signal This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS UHF Demodulator in B/G (using a CCIR Rec. 567 weighting network, 100kHz to 5MHz band with sound trap, and envelope detection, and a Rohde & Schwarz UAF Video Analyzer.					
	The video analyzer method takes the worst step from the first 4 steps.				

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Characterization Measurement Conditions

Device and Signals Set-up	Measurement Set-up							
	Video Differential Gain							
Video: 5 step Grey Scale- 1Vpk-pk. No Audio signal This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS UHF Demodulator in B/G (using a CCIR Rec. 567 weighting network, 100kHz to 5MHz band with sound trap and envelope detection, and a Rohde & Schwarz UAF Video Analyzer.								
	$DIFF GAIN = \frac{\text{the largest positive or negative difference}}{\text{the amplitude at position 0}} * 100\%$ The video analyzer method takes the worst step from the first 4 steps.							
	Video Modulation Depth							
No Audio signal	This is measured using a HP8596E Spectrum Analyzer with a TV							
Video: 10 step grey scale	Trigger option, allowing demodulation and triggering on any specified TV Line. The analyzer is centred on the maximum peak of the Video signal and reduced to zero Hertz span in Linear mode to demodulate the Video carrier. $\int_{a} \int_{a} \int_{a$							
	Picture to Sound ratio							
No Video signal No Audio Signal "PS" bit set to 0 and 1	Measure in dBc sound carrier in reference to picture carrier (TVout_Ref) for "PS" bit=0 (PS=12dB typical) and for "PS" bit=1 (PS=16dB), Picture carrier 							
Audio Modulation Depth - FM Modulation								
Video Black Level Audio signal: 1Khz, 205mVrms. This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS Demodulator in B/G and a HP8903A Audio Analyzer at 1kHz	The audio signal 205mV at 1kHz is supplied by the Audio Analyzer, and the FM demodulated signal deviation is indicated on the Demodulator in Khz peak. This value is then converted in% of FM deviation, based on specified standards.							

Characterization Measurement Conditions Semiconductor, Inc.

Device and Signals Set-up	Measurement Set-up							
	Audio Frequency response							
Video Black Level Audio signal: 50Hz to 15KHz, 100mV _{rms} This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS Demodulator in B/G and a HP8903A.	The audio signal 1KHz 100mV _{rms} is supplied by the Audio Analyzer, demodulated by the Demodulator and the audio analyzer measures the AC amplitude of this demodulated audio signal: this value is taken as a reference (0dB). The audio signal is then swept from 50Hz to 15KHz, and demodulated AC amplitude is measured in dB relative to the 1KHz reference. Audio pre-emphasis and de-emphasis circuits are engaged, all audio analyzer filters are switched OFF.							
Audio Distortion FM								
Audio: 1Khz, adjustable level Video Black Level This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS UHF Demodulator in B/G and a HP8903A Audio Analyzer at 1kHz. The output level of the Audio analyzer is varied to obtain a deviation of 50kHz indicated on the Demodulator.	The input arms detector of the Audio Analyzer converts the ac level of the combined signal + noise + distortion to dc. It then removes the fundamental signal (1kHz) after having measured the frequency. The output rms detector converts the residual noise + distortion to dc. The dc voltmeter measures both dc signals and calculates the ratio in% of the two signals. ADist = (Distorsion + Noise)/(Distorsion + Noise + Signal)							
	Audio Signal to Noise							
Audio: 1Khz, adjustable level Video: EBU Color Bars This is measured using a Rohde & Schwarz AMFS Demodulator in B/G and a HP8903A Audio Analyzer at 1kHz. The output level of the Audio analyzer is varied to obtain a Modulation Deviation of 25kHz indicated on the AMFS Demodulator.	The Audio Analyzer alternately turns ON and OFF it's internal audio source to make a measure of the Audio signal plus noise and then another measure of only the noise. The measurement is made using the internal CCIR468-2 Filter of the Audio Analyzer together with the internal 30+/-2kHz (60dB/decade) Lowpass filters. The AMFS demodulator uses a quasi-parallel demodulation as is the case in a normal TV set. In this mode the Nyquist filter is bypassed and the video carrier is used without added delay to effectuate intercarrier conversion. In this mode the phase noise information fully cancels out and the true S/N can be measured $ASN(dB) = 20 \times \log(Signal + Noise)/(Noise)$							

13 Modulator Description

13.1 Power ON Settings

At power-ON, the MC44BC373C/4C configuration is as follows:

	WRITE MODE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	ACK
C1—High Order Bits		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ACK
C0—Low Order Bits		0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	ACK
FM—High Order Bits		0	0	N11	N10	N9	N8	N7	N6	ACK
FL—Low Order Bits		N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	0	0	ACK
Note:	N0 to N11 are set to have U	JHF oscil	lator on c	hannel 3	6 (591.25	MHz).	•	•		
Note:	Peak White Clip is ON.									
Note:	Sound frequency is 5.5MHz.									
Note:	Logic Output Port is low voltage.									
Note:	Picture to sound ratio is 120	dB.								

These settings can be customized in special masked version.

13.2 Power Supply

The three device Vccs (pins 10, 13, 15) must be applied at the same time to ensure all internal blocks are correctly biased. All other pins must not be biased before Vcc is applied to device.

13.3 Standby modes

During standby mode, the modulator is switched to low power consumption: the sound oscillator, UHF oscillator, video and sound modulator sections bias are internally turned OFF. The IIC bus section remains active.

Modulator can be programmed in standby mode with combination of 3 bits:OSC=1, SO=1 and ATT=1

13.4 System L or B/G Selection

SYSL bit internally switches the following functions:

- SYSL = 0 enables B/G system
 - Video modulation polarityNegative
 - Video modulation depth80% Typical (See "Video Characteristics" on page 10.)
 - Sound modulation typeFM
- SYSL = 1 enables L system
 - Video modulation polarityPositive
 - Video modulation depth90% Typical (See "Video Characteristics" on page 10.)
 - Sound modulation typeAM

MC44BC373C/374C Technical Data For More Information On This Product, Go to: www.freescale.com

Modulator Description

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

13.5 Test Bit TB1

This test bit allows a different bus format.

- TB1=0 All MC44BC373C/4C Functions Available—Normal Mode.
- TB1=1 Limited Software Compatibility with MC443533. MC44BC373C/4C Functions Not Available. TB1=1, allows a first evaluation of MC44BC373C/4C using software developed for MC44353 devices.

	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	ACK
CA—CHIP ADDRESS	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	ACK
C1—High Order Bits	1	*	*	*	PS	*	*	SYSL	ACK
C0—Low Order Bits	*	*	*	SFD1	SFD0	1	0	0	ACK
FM—High Order Bits	0	TPEN	N11	N10	N9	N8	N7	N6	ACK
FL—Low Order Bits	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	*	*	ACK
+ Case TB1=1 compatible with MC	44353	•	•	•	•		•		

• All "*" are don't care bits.

- PS bit replaces PSD2 bit in MC44353 bus format:
- PS = 0 is for Picture-to-Sound ratio = 12dB
- PS = 1 is for Picture-to-Sound ratio = 16dB
- SFD1 and SFD0 bits have the same definition for both bus formats (MC44353 and MC44BC373C/4C) and allows a select sound frequency between 4.5MHz, 5MHz, 5.5MHz, and 6.5MHz.
- SYSL bit is the same definition for both bus formats (MC44353 and MC44BC373C/4C) and allows a select system L or BG.
- All MC44BC373C/4C functions are set to their default values.

13.6 Transient Output Inhibit

To minimize the risk of interference to other channels while the UHF PLL is acquiring a lock on the desired frequency, the Sound and Video modulators are turned OFF during a time out period for each of the following two cases:

- Power-ON from zero (i.e., all Vcc is switched from 0V to 5V).
- UHF oscillator power-ON from OFF state (i.e., OSC bit is switched from 1 to 0)

There is a time-out of 263ms until the output is enabled. This lets the UHF PLL settle to its programmed frequency. During the 263ms time-out, the sound PLL current source is set to 10μ A typical to speed up the locking time. After the 263ms time-out, the current source is switched to 1μ A. Use care when selecting loop filter components, to ensure the loop transient does not exceed this delay.

For test purposes, it is possible to disable the 263ms delay using Test Mode1–State1.h (this is called speed up mode).

13.7 UHF Oscillator—VHF range

The UHF oscillator is fully integrated and does not require any external components.

For low frequency testing or VHF range operation (test mode 1, states 1.b to 1.c), the UHF oscillator can be internally divided by: 2, 4, 8, or 16.

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Modulator Description

13.8 PLL Section

The reference divider is a fixed divide-by-128, resulting in a reference frequency of 31.25 KHz with a 4.0 MHz crystal. The 31.25 KHz reference frequency is used for both UHF and Sound PLLs.

The prescaler is a fixed divide-by-8 and is permanently engaged.

The programmable divider division-ratio is controlled by the state of control bits N0 to N11. The divider-ratio N for a desired frequency F (in MHz) is given by:

$$N = \frac{F}{8} \times \frac{128}{4}$$

with:

$$N = 2048 \times N11 + 1024 \times N10 + \dots + 4 \times N2 + 2 \times N1 + N0$$

Programming a division-ratio N=0 is not allowed.

13.9 Logic Output Port

The LOP pin is used to control any logic function. The primary applications are to control an external attenuator or an external switch, between the antenna input and TV output.

A typical attenuator application with PIN diode is shown. The LOP pin is used to switch the PIN attenuator depending on the signal strength of the Antenna Input, thereby reducing the risks of Intermodulation in certain areas. The LOP may also be used as an OFF position bypass switch or for other logic functions in the application.

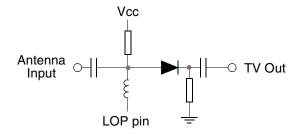


Figure 6. Attenuator Application with PIN Diode

13.10 Video Section - Peak White Clip

The modulator requires the following:

- A composite video input with negative going sync pulses
- A nominal level of 1 Vp-p

This signal is AC-coupled to the video input where the sync tip level is clamped.

The video signal is then passed to a Peak White Clip circuit. The PWC circuit function is to soft-clip the top of the video waveform if the "sync tip amplitude" to "peak white clip" goes too high. This method avoids carrier over-modulation by the video. Clipping can be disabled by software.

MC44BC373C/374C Technical Data For More Information On This Product, Go to: www.freescale.com

13.11 Sound Section

The multivibrator oscillator is fully integrated and does not require any external components. An internal low-pass filter and matched structure give a very low harmonics level.

The sound modulator system consists of the following two types:

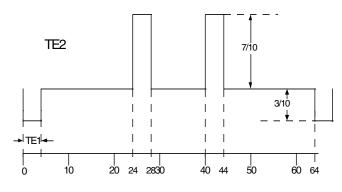
- An FM modulator incorporating the sound subcarrier oscillator
- An AM modulator (MC44BC373C only)

The audio input signal is AC-coupled into the amplifier, which then drives both types of modulator.

The audio pre-emphasis circuit is a high-pass filter with an external capacitor and an internal resistor (100kOhms). The recommended capacitor value (470 pF) is for BG standard; time constant is 50μ S.

13.12 Test Pattern Generator

The IIC generates a simple test pattern, which can be switched under bus control to permit a TV receiver to easily tune to the modulator output. The pattern consists of two white vertical bars on a black background and a 976Hz audio test signal.



TIME IN µS. Table 1. Test Pattern Generator

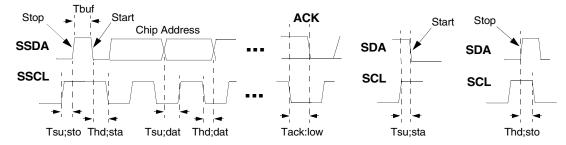
14 High Speed I²C Compatible Bus

14.1 Specification Conditions

Unless otherwise specified, Vcc1=5.0V, TA=25°C.

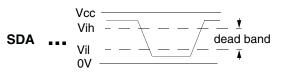
Electrical Characteristics	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Туре
SDA / SCL output current at 0V	-	—	10	μA	А
SDA / SCL low input level	—		1.5	V	В
SDA / SCL high input level	3.0		—	V	В
SDA/SCL input current for input level from 0.4V to 0.3Vcc	-5		5	μA	С
SDA/SCL input level	0		Vcc+0,3	V	D
SDA/SCL capacitance	—		10	pF	С
ACK low output level (sinking 3mA)	—	0,3	1	V	А
ACK low output level (sinking 15mA)	—		1.5	V	С
Timing Characteristics	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Туре
Bus clock frequency	0	—	800	kHz	С
Bus free time between stop and start	200	_	—	ns	С
Setup time for start condition	500		—	ns	С
Hold time for start condition	500		—	ns	С
Data setup time	0		—	ns	С
Data hold time	0		—	ns	С
Setup time for stop condition	500		—	ns	С
Hold time for stop condition	500		—	ns	С
Acknowledge propagation delay	—		300	ns	С
SDA fall time at 3ma sink I and 130pF load			50	ns	С
SDA fall time at 3ma sink I and 400pF load	—		80	ns	С
SDA rise time SCL fall/rise time	_		300 300	ns ns	C C
Pulse width of spikes suppressed by the input filter	—	—	50	ns	С

14.2 Timings Definition

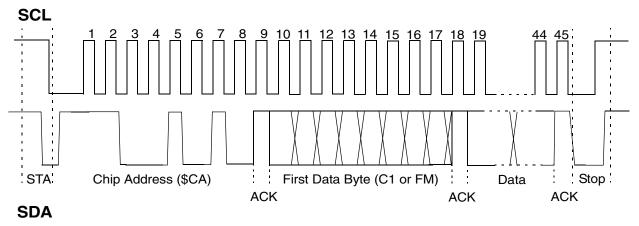


High Speed I2C Compatible Bus

14.3 Levels Definition



14.4 High Speed I²C Compatible Bus Format



14.5 I²C Write Mode Format and Bus Receiver

The bus receiver operates the I^2C compatible data format. The chip address (I^2C bus) is:

1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 (ACK) = \$CA (hex) in write mode

In write mode, each ninth data bit (bits 9, 18, 27, 36, and 45) is an acknowledge bit (ACK) during which the MCU sends a logic 1 and the Modulator circuit answers on the data line by pulling it low. Besides the chip address, the circuit needs two or four data bytes for operation. The following sequences of data bytes are the permitted incoming information:

Example 1	STA	CA	C1	C0	STO			
Example 2	STA	CA	FM	FL	STO			
Example 3	STA	CA	C1	C0	FM	FL	STO	
Example 4	STA	CA	FM	FL	C1	C0	STO	
With:								
STA = Start condition			CA = Chip Address					
FM = Frequency information, high order bits			FL = Frequency information, low order bits					
C1 = Control information, high order bits			CO = Control information, low order bits					
STO = Stop con	dition							

After the chip address, two or four data bytes may be received.

- If three data bytes are received, the third one is ignored.
- If five or more data bytes are received, the fifth and following ones are ignored, and the last ACK pulse is sent at the end of the fourth data byte.

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. High Speed I2C Compatible Bus

The first and third data bytes contain a function bit, which lets the IC distinguish between frequency information and control information. If the function bit is a logic 1, the two following bytes contain control information. The first data byte after the chip address, may be byte CO or byte FM. The two bytes of frequency information are preceded by a logic 0.

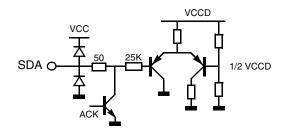
14.6 I²C Read Mode Format

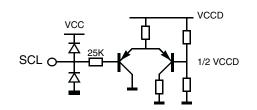
The chip address (I^2C) is:

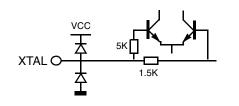
1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 (ACK) = \$CB (hex) in read mode

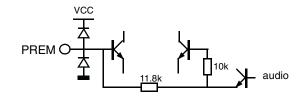
The incoming information consists of the read mode chip address byte. The device then answers with an ACK followed by one byte containing three bits of status information. No acknowledge is answered by the modulator after this byte.

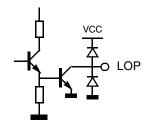
15 Pin Circuit Schematics

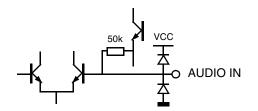


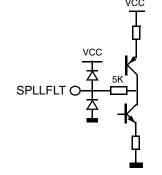


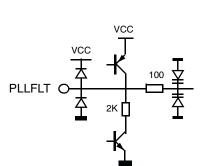


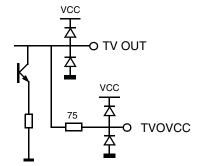


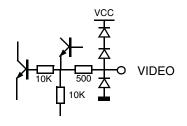








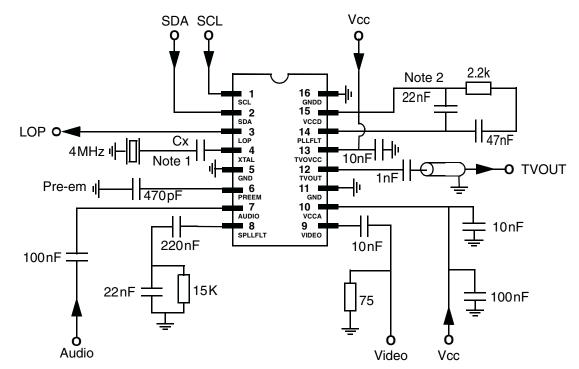




16 Application and Case Diagrams

16.1 Proposed BiCMOS Modulator Application

This document contains information on a new product under development. Freescale reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.

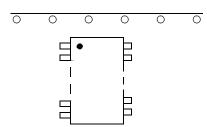


Note 1: Cx value depends on crystal characteristics; Cx = 27 pF on Freescale application board. Note 2: Loop Filter components must be as close as possible to pins 14 and 15.

Figure 7. Proposed MC44BC373C/4C Application Schematic

16.2 Packaging Instructions

Tape and reel packaging per 12MRH00360A with the following conditions applicable for Dual In-Line SOP (SOIC) package.



Component Orientation: Arrange parts with the pin 1 side closest to the tape's round sprocket holes on the tape's trailing edge.

16.3 Marking Instructions

SO16NB Package:

Bar marked part way accross Pin 1 end of packages Bar width 10 to 20 mils, length to be at least four times Bar width. Bar placement may extend across chamfer and dimple areas.

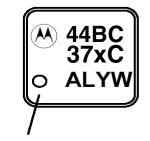
> year Y (1 digit) and work week WW (2 digits)

Pin 1 Dot or Dimple



1st line: 44BC373CD for MC44BC373CD device 44BC374CD for MC44BC374CD device (Part number coded on 10 digits)
2nd line: Assembly site code AW (2 digits) followed by the wafer lot code L (1 digit),

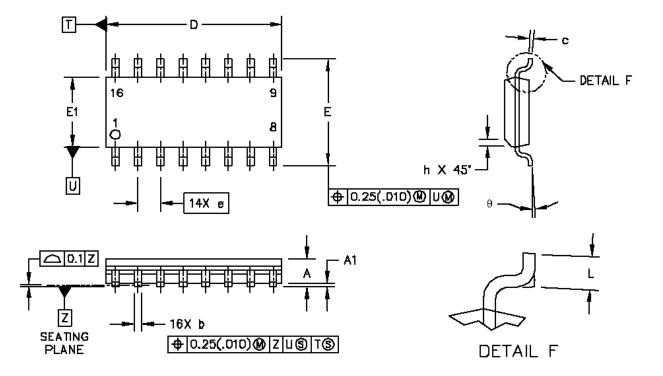
TSSOP16 package



Pin 1 Dot or Dimple

- 1st line: **44BC** (Part number coded on 4 digits)
- 2nd line: 373C for MC44BC373CDTB device 374C for MC44BC374CDTB device (Part number coded on 4 digits)
- 3rd line: Assembly site code A (1 digit) followed by the wafer lot code L (1 digit), year Y (1 digit) and work week W (1 digit)

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Application and Case Diagrams



Dim	Millimeters		Inc	Note: 1994.	
	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Note:
А	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068	Note:
A1	0.1	0.25	0.004	0.009	protrus
D	9.8	10	0.385	0.393	Note:
E	5.8	6.2	0.229	0.244	Allowa
E1	3.8	4	0.150	0.157	total in
b	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019	conditi
С	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009	
е	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
L	0.4	1.25	0.016	0.049	1
h	0.25	0.5	0.010	0.019	1
Q	0 ⁰	7 ⁰	0 ⁰	7 ⁰	1

ote: 1. Dimensions and Tolerances per ASME Y14.5M,

2. Controlling dimension: Millimeters.

ote: 3. Dimension D and E1 do not include mold otrusion.

ote: 4. Maximum mold protrusion 0.15 (0.006) per side.

ote: 5. Dimension b does not include Dambar protrusion. lowable Dambar protrusion shall be 0.127 (0.005) tal in excess of the b dimension at maximum material prodition.

Figure 8. SO16NB Package

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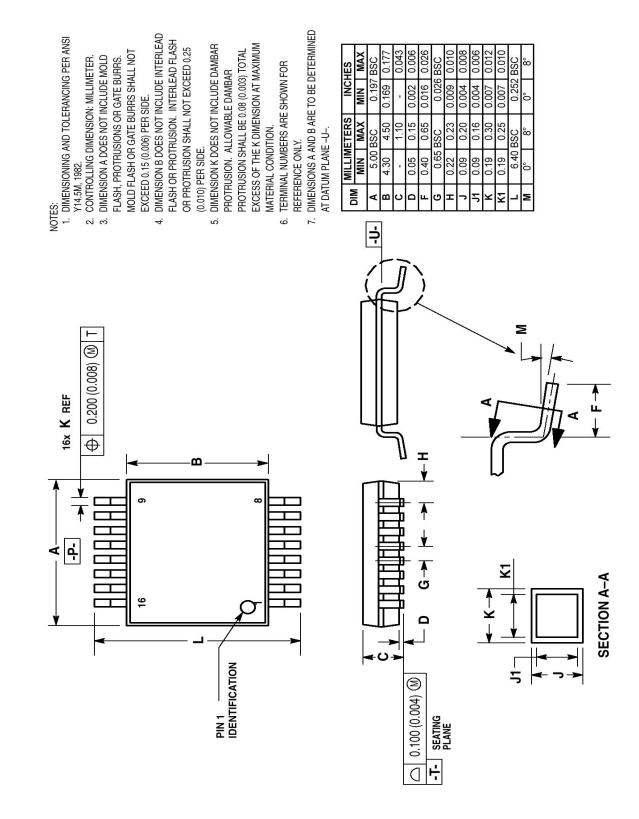


Figure 9. TSSOP16 Package

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Application and Case Diagrams

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MC44BC373C/D